



remative Specification
<b>Preliminary Specification</b>
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: V390HJ1 SUFFIX: L01

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for your consignature and comments.	firmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
Chao-Chun Chung	Roger Huang	WJ Chang

Date: 28 Sep. 2011 Version 2.0





### **CONTENTS**

Version 2.0	2	<b>Date</b> : 28 Sep. 2011
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS		28
6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	=	27
	CIFICATIONS	
6. INTERFACE TIMING		24
5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGN	IMENT	23
	FACE	
	*	
	NT	
4.1 TFT LCD MODULE		14
3.2.2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFIC	CATION	12
	CATION	
	IN CONFIGURATION	
	IN CONFIGURATION	
2.3.2 BACKLIGHT INVERTER	R UNIT	
2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE		
2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RA	TINGS	3
2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE		3
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF EN	VIRONMENT	
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		
1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION	DNS	6
1.3 APPLICATION		5
1.2 FEATURES		5
1.1 OVERVIEW		5
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION		5





7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	29
8. PRECAUTIONS	34
8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	34
8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	34
9. DEFINITION OF LABELS	35
9.1 CMI MODULE LABEL	35
10. PACKAGING	
10.1 PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS	
10.2 PACKAGING METHOD	36
11 MECHANICAL CHADACTEDISTIC	20



### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version         Date         Page(New)         Section         Description           Ver. 2.0         Sep. 28, 2011         All         The Approval specification was first issued.	
Vei. 2.0 13ep. 20, 2011 All All The Approval specification was first issued.	

Version 2.0 4 Date: 28 Sep. 2011





#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V390HJ1-L01 is a 39" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 8-CCFL Backlight unit and 2ch-LVDS interface.

This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HDTV format and can display 16.7M colors (8-bit). The inverter module for backlight is built-in.

#### **1.2 FEATURES**

- High brightness (350 nits)
- High contrast ratio (5000:1)
- Fast response time (Gray to gray average 8.5 ms)
- High color saturation (NTSC 72%)
- Full HDTV (1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution, true HDTV format
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Optimized response time for 60 Hz frame rate
- Ultra wide viewing angle : Super MVA technology
- Viewing Angle: 178(H)/178(V) (CR>20) VA Technology
- RoHs compliance

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- Standard Living Room TVs
- Public Display Application
- Home Theater Application
- MFM Application

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	853.92 (H) x 480.33 (V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	858.92 (H) x 485.33 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch(Sub Pixel)	0.14825 (H) x 0.44475 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Power consumption	102.32W (LVDS input Power 7.32 W + Backlight Power 95 W)	Watt	(2)
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 3.5%) Hard Coating (3H)	-	(3)

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings in chapter 9 for more information about the front and back outlines.

Note (2) Please refer sec 3.1 and 3.2 for more information of Power consumption  ${\bf r}$ 

Note (3) The spec. of the surface treatment is temporarily for this phase. CMI reserves the rights to change this feature.





# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	897.92	898.92	899.92	mm	(1)
Module Size	Vertical (V)	524.33	525.33	526.33	mm	(1)
Module Size	Depth (D)	54.5	55.5	56.5	mm	(2)
	Depth (D)				mm	(3)
Weight		-	6500	-	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Module Depth is between bezel to rear.

Note (3) Module Depth is between bezel to Inverter cover.

Version 2.0 Date: 28 Sep. 2011 The copyright belongs to CHIMEI InnoLux. Any unauthorized use is prohibited



### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

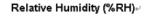
#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

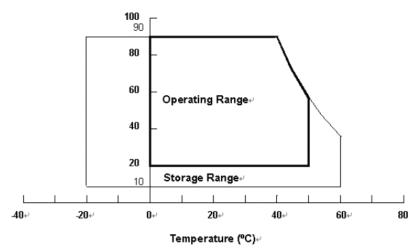
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note		
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	SNOP	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	VNOP	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.
- Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ .
- Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.









#### 2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

- (a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time, It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35  $^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity without condensation.
- (b) The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

#### 2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	13.5	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)

#### 2.3.2 BACKLIGHT INVERTER UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
nem	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Voltage	VW	_	3000	VRMS	
Power Supply Voltage	VBL	0	170	V	(1)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) No moisture condensation or freezing.





### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

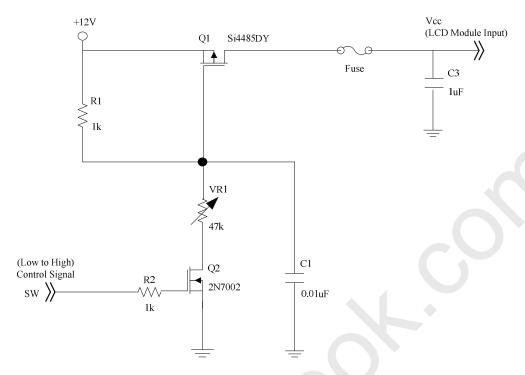
 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

	Parameter		Symbol	Value			Lloit	Note
	raidiletei			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Su	oply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
Rush Curr	ent		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	_	_	2.73	Α	(2)
Power cor	nsumption		P <sub>T</sub>	_	7.32	8.76	W	(3)
		White Pattern	_		0.37	- (	Α	
Power Su	Power Supply Current Horizontal Stripe		_	_	0.61	0.73	А	(4)
		Black Pattern	_	_	0.35		Α	
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage  Common Input Voltage  Differential input voltage (single-end)		$V_{LVTH}$	+100		_	mV	
			$V_{LVTL}$	- (		-100	mV	
LVDS interface			V <sub>CM</sub>	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(5)
			V <sub>ID</sub>	200	_	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor		R <sub>T</sub>	) -	100	_	ohm	
CMOS	Input High T	hreshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7	_	3.3	V	
interface	Input Low Th	nreshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	_	0.7	V	

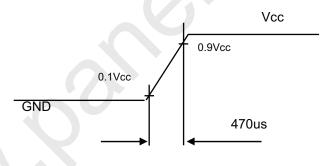
Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.



#### Note (2) Measurement condition:



### Vcc rising time is 470us



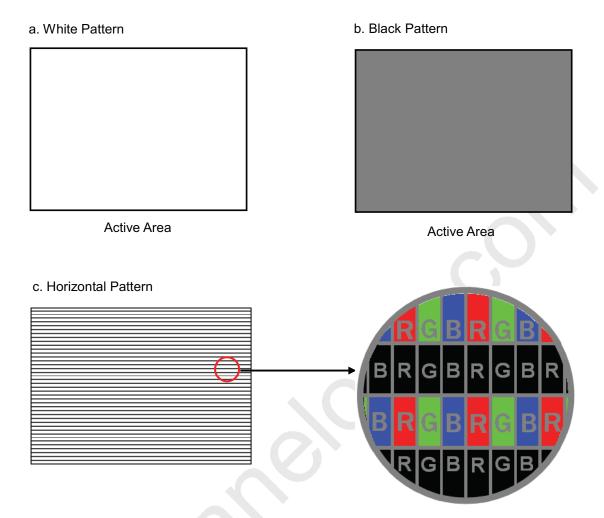
Note (3) The Specified Power consumption is under Horizontal Stripe pattern.

Note (4) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

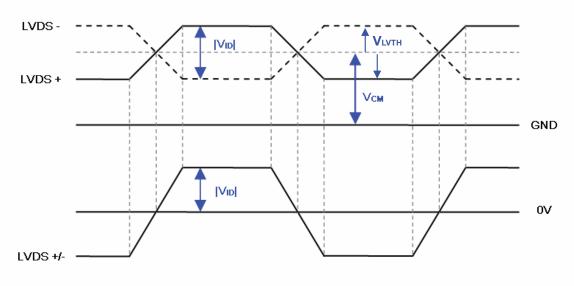




# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



Note (5) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows:



Date: 28 Sep. 2011 Version 2.0





#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

#### 3.2.1 LAMP SPECIFICATION

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Input Voltage	V <sub>W</sub>	725	850	885	$V_{RMS}$	I <sub>L</sub> =16.5mA
Lamp Current	Ι <sub>L</sub>	6	16.5	17	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	ı	ı	1500	$V_{RMS}$	(1) , Ta = 0 °C
Lamp rum on voltage		ı	ı	1300	$V_{RMS}$	(1) , Ta = 25 °C
Operating Frequency	Fo	30	-	80	KHz	(2)
Lamp Life Time	L <sub>BL</sub>	50,000	-	-	Hrs	(3)

#### 3.2.2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Version 2.0

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

Date: 28 Sep. 2011

							(1a - 23 ± 2 0)
Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
. G.GG.		Cymbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Input Voltage		VBL+	- (	+50	_	V	Sine Wave
Input Voltage		VBL-		-50	_	V	Sine Wave
Total Power Consum	ption	P <sub>BL</sub>	-	95	99	W	I <sub>L</sub> =16.5mA
Total Input Current		I <sub>BL</sub>		1.9	1.98	Α	Non Dimming
Oscillating Frequency		Fw	38	38 40 42 K		KHz	
Individual Lamp Curre	ent	IL	16.0	16.5	17.0	mA	(3)
Protection Circuit Sur Voltage	oply	Vcc		5	5.5	V	
Input Connector	High	CNIT		5		V	Normal Operation
Detection	Low	CNT	0	_	0.8	V	Input Connector Open
Lamp Detection	High	PT	2	_		V	Lamp Open
Lamp Detection	Low		_	_	1.4	V	Normal Operation
Dimming Frequency		F <sub>B</sub>	150	160	170	Hz	
Minimum Duty Ratio		D <sub>MIN</sub>	_	20	_	%	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing AC current probe and its value is average by measuring master and slave board.

Note (2) The lamp starting voltage VS should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup.





# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency of the display input signals, and it may result in line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) The life time of a lamp is defined as when the brightness is larger than 50% of its original value and the effective discharge length is longer than 80% of its original length (Effective discharge length is defined as an area that has equal to or more than 70% brightness compared to the brightness at the center point of lamp.) as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition at Ta = 25  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C and I<sub>L</sub> = (16.0~ 17.0) mArms.
- Note (5) The IPI/IPB should design proper protection circuit to shut down if abnormal signals occurred of CNT/PT/FB

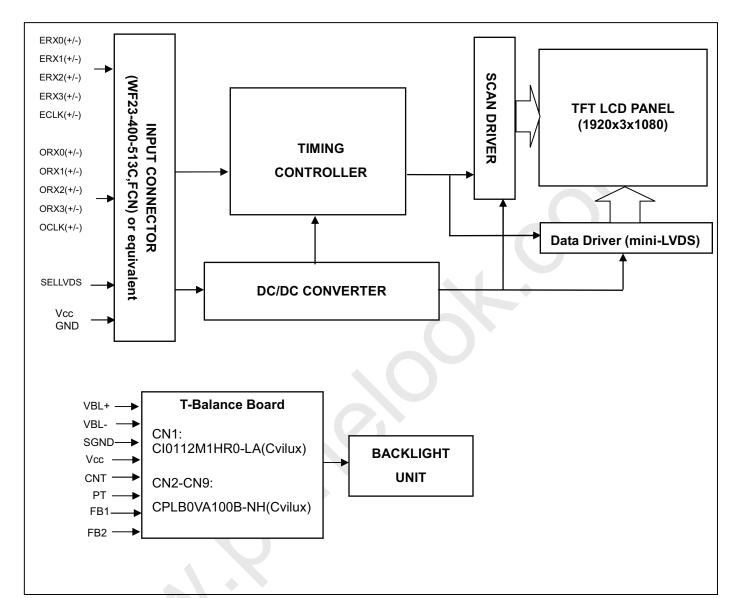




# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

#### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE







#### 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

### **5.1 TFT LCD Module Input**

CNF1 Connector Part No.: WF23-400-513C,(FCN) or equivalent.

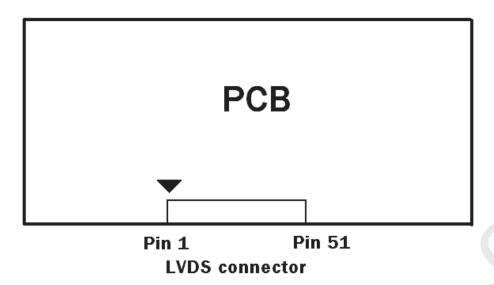
Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	GND	Ground	
2	N.C.	No Connection	
3	N.C.	No Connection	
4	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
5	N.C.	No Connection	<b></b>
6	N.C.	No Connection	
7	SELLVDS	LVDS data format Selection	(3)(4)
8	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
9	N.C	No Connection	(2)
10	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
11	GND	Ground	(-/
12	ERX0-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
13	ERX0+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
14	ERX1-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
15	ERX1+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	<del></del> (5)
16	ERX2-	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	$\dashv$
17	ERX2+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	$\dashv$
18 19	GND ECLK-	Ground  Even give Negative LVDS differential clock input	
		Even pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(5)
20	ECLK+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	, ,
21	GND	Ground	
22	ERX3-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(5)
23	ERX3+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(-)
24	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
25	N.C.	No Connection	(=)
26	GND	Ground	
27	GND	Ground	
28	ORX0-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
29	ORX0+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
30	ORX1-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	(5)
31	ORX1+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	(5)
32	ORX2-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
33	ORX2+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
34	GND	Ground	
35	OCLK-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input	(5)
36	OCLK+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input	<del>-</del> (5)
37	GND	Ground	
38	ORX3-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(5)
39	ORX3+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(5)
40	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
41	N.C.	No Connection	<del>-</del> (2)
42	GND	Ground	
43	GND	Ground	
44	GND	Ground	
45	GND	Ground	
45 46	GND	Ground	
46 47			(2)
	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
48	VCC	Power input (+12V)	+
49	VCC	Power input (+12V)	
50	VCC	Power input (+12V)	
51	VCC	Power input (+12V)	

Date: 28 Sep. 2011 Version 2.0





Note (1) LVDS connector pin order defined as follows



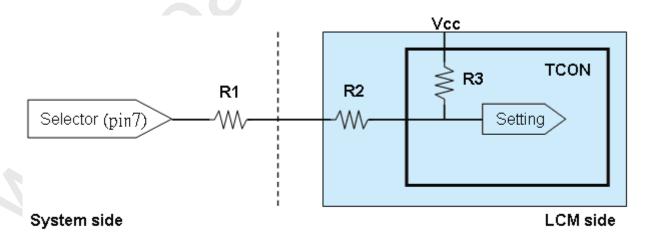
Note (2) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

Note (3)

SELLVDS	Mode
L	JEIDA
H(default)	VESA

L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to Open or +3.3V

Note (4) LVDS signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram. R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. (R1 < 1K Ohm)



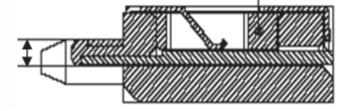
System side R1 < 1K

Note (5) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel.





Note (6) LVDS connector mating dimension range request is 0.93mm $\sim$ 1.0mm as follow:

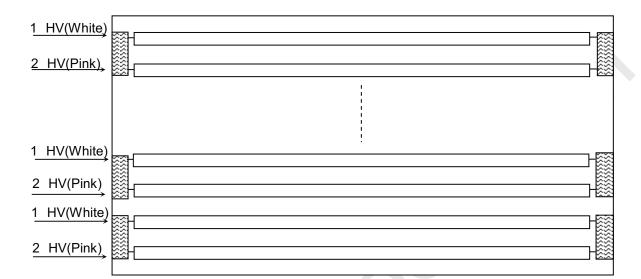




#### **5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT**

The pin configuration for the housing and the leader wire is shown in the table below.

Pin	Name	Description	Wire Color
1	HV	High Voltage	White
2	HV	High Voltage	Pink



#### **5.3 T BALANCE BOARD UNIT**

CN1: CI0112M1HR0-LA (CviLux)

Pin №	Signal name	Feature			
1	VBL+	+50 V Sine Wave			
2	VBL+	+50 V Sine Wave			
3	N.C	No Connect			
4	VBL-	-50 V Sine Wave			
5	VBL-	-50 V Sine Wave			
6	N.C	No Connect			
7	SGND	Signal GND			
8	VCC	5V			
9	CNT	+5V			
10	PT	+2V			
11	FB1	Lamp current feedback 1			
12	FB2	Lamp current feedback 2			



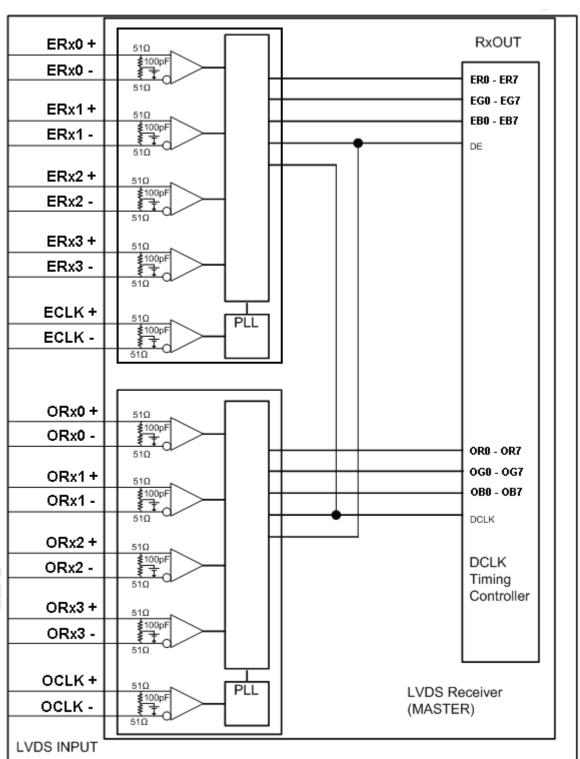


### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

CN2-CN9: CPLB0VA100B-NH (CviLux)

Pin №	Signal name	Feature
1	CFL HOT	CFL High voltage

### **5.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE**



Version 2.0 19 Date: 28 Sep. 2011





ER0~ER7	Even pixel R data	OR0~OR7	Odd pixel R data
EG0~EG7	Even pixel G data	OG0~OG7	Odd pixel G data
EB0~EB7	Even pixel B data	OB0~OB7	Odd pixel B data
		DE	Data enable signal
		DCLK	Data clock signal

- Note (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.
- Note (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.
- Note (3) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel.

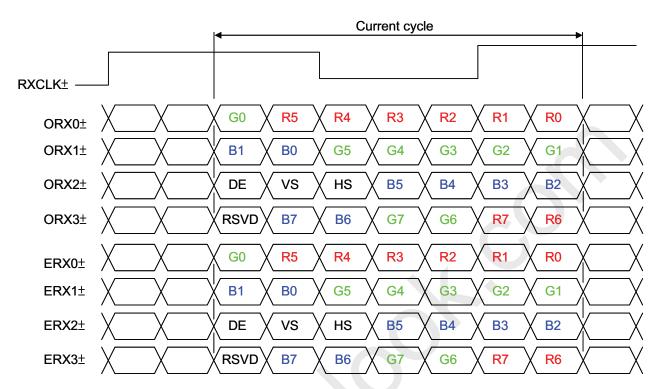




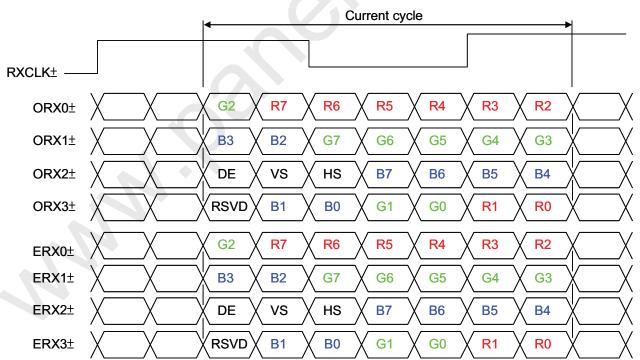
### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### **5.5 LVDS INTERFACE**

VESA Format : SELLVDS = H or Open



JEIDA Format : SELLVDS = L







R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal DCLK : Data clock signal

Notes: (1) RSVD (reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be "H" or "L".





#### **5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

			Data Signal																						
	Color				Re									reer							Βlι				
	1	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7			G4		G2		G0	B7	В6	B5	B4	В3		B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crov	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		: _	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reu	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crov	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ŀ		÷	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Crov	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray Scale	:	:	:		: (	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (255)	0	0 (	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage





# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

#### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

	• .			•	•	•		
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Frequency	F <sub>clkin</sub> (=1/TC)	60	74.25	80	MHz		
LVDS	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>	_	_	200	ps	(3)	
Receiver Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	F <sub>clkin</sub> -2%	_	F <sub>clkin</sub> +2%	MHz		
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>		1	200	KHz	(4)	
LVDS Receiver	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	-	-	ps	(5)	
Data	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600		_	ps		
	Frame Rate	F <sub>r5</sub>	47	50	53	Hz	(6)	
Vertical	Traine rate	F <sub>r6</sub>	57	60	63	Hz	(0)	
Active Display	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1135	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb	
Term	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th		
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	55	Th		
Horizontal	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Тс	Th=Thd+Thb	
Active Display	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Тс		
Term	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Тс		

Note (1) Please make sure the range of frame rate has follow the below equation :

Fclkin(max) 
$$\geq$$
 Fr<sub>6</sub>  $\times$  Tv  $\times$  Th  
Fr<sub>5</sub>  $\times$  Tv  $\times$  Th  $\geq$  Fclkin(min)

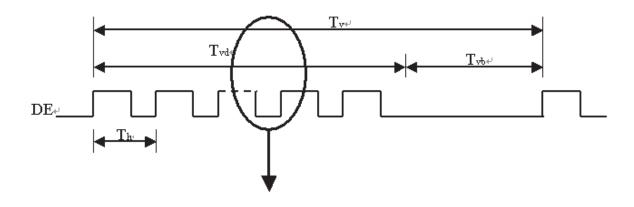
Note (2) This module is operated in DE only mode and please follow the input signal timing diagram below:

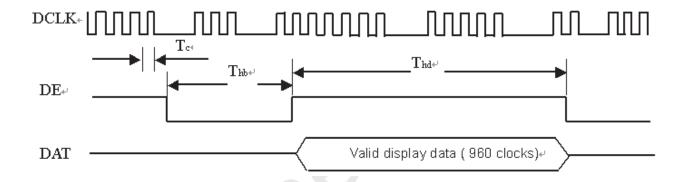




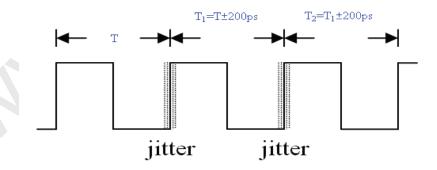
# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**





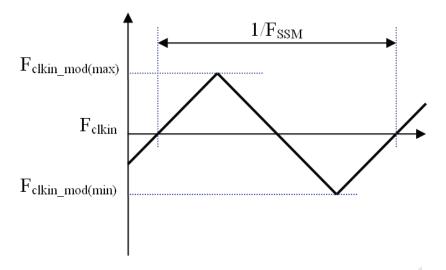
Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl =  $IT_1 - TI$ 





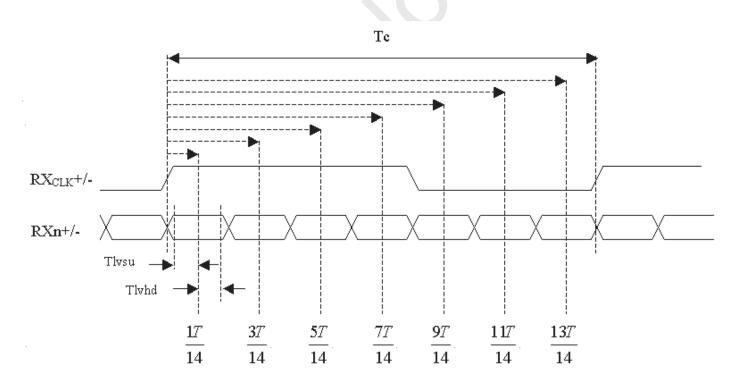
# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (5) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

### LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



Date: 28 Sep. 2011 Version 2.0 26

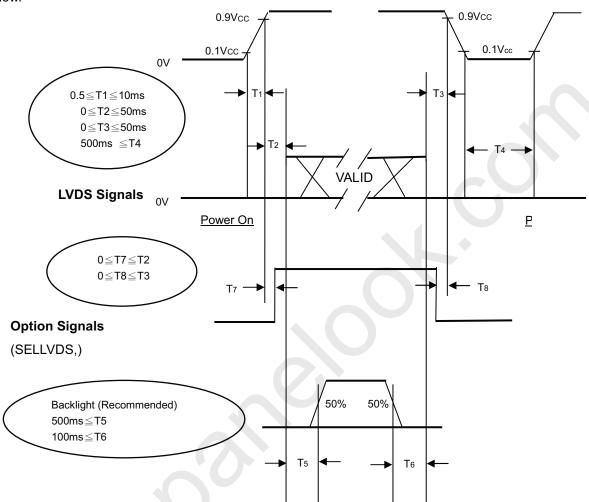


#### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



#### Power ON/OFF Sequence

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If T2<0,that maybe cause electrical overstress failure.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.





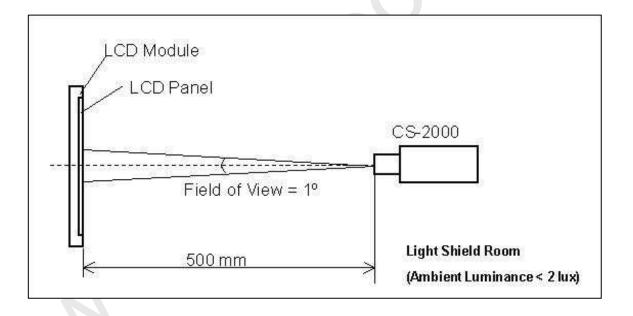
#### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit		
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C		
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH		
Supply Voltage	VCC	12	V		
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (	CHARACTERISTICS"		
Lamp Current	IL	16.5	mA		
Oscillating Frequency (IPI or IPB)	FW	40	KHz		
Vertical Frame Rate	Fr	60	Hz		

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring in a windless room.







# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

It	em	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Rati	0	CR		3500	5000	-	-	(2)
Response Tir	ne (VA)	Gray to gray		-	8.5	16	ms	(3)
Center Lumin	ance of White	L <sub>C</sub>		280	350	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4)
White Variation  Cross Talk		δW		-	-	1.3	-	(6)
		СТ		-	-	4	%	(5)
	Red	Rx			0.637		-	
	Red	Ry	$\theta x = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta y = 0^{\circ}$		0.325	Тур. +0.03	-	
	Green	Gx	Viewing angle at normal direction		0.289		-	
		Gy		Тур.	0.609		-	
Color Chromaticity	Blue	Bx		-0.03	0.149		-	-
		Ву			0.046		-	
Cross Talk  Color Chromaticity  Viewing Angle	NA // : (	Wx			0.280		-	
	White	Wy			0.290		-	
	Color Gamut	C.G		-	72	-	%	NTSC
	11	θ <b>x</b> +		80	88	-		
Viewing	Horizontal	θх-	CR≥20	80	88	-	_	(1)
	Montinal	θΥ+		80	88	-	Deg.	
	Vertical	θΥ-		80	88	-	İ	

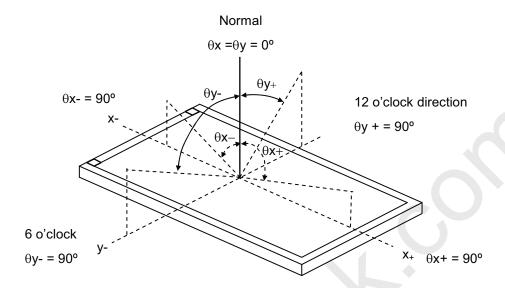
Date: 28 Sep. 2011 Version 2.0



# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

Viewing angles are measured by Conoscope Cono-80 (or Eldim EZ-Contrast 160R)



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

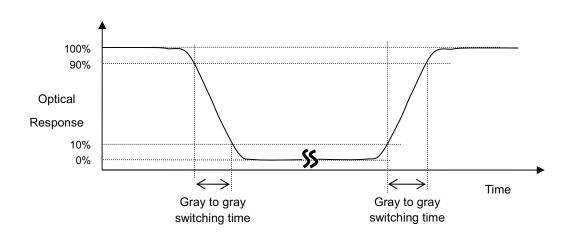
The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time:



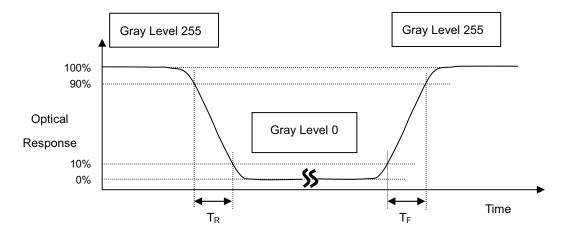
The driving signal means the signal of gray level gray level (0, 63, 127, 191, 255)..Gray to gray average. Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level (0, 63, 127, 191, 255)..Gray to gray average





# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T<sub>R</sub>, T<sub>F</sub>):



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

 $L_C = L$  (5), where L (X) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (6).



### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

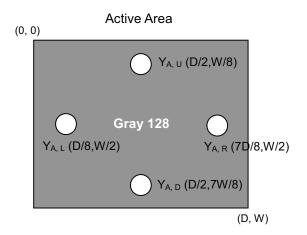
Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

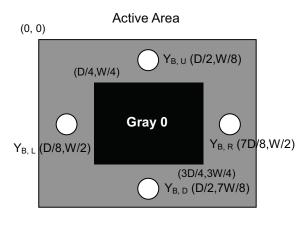
$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)

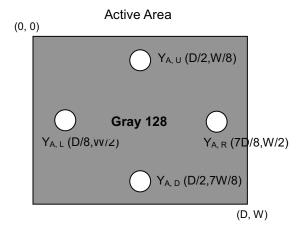
Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)

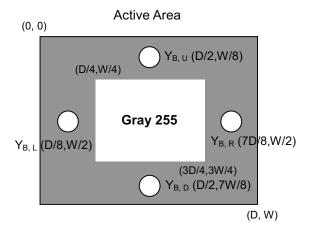




Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 255 pattern (cd/m2)

Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 255 pattern (cd/m2)







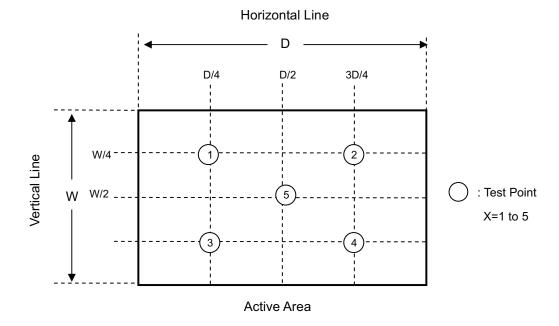


# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

 $\delta W = Maximum \left[L \ (1), \ L \ (2), \ L \ (3), \ L \ (4), \ L \ (5)\right] \ / \ Minimum \left[L \ (1), \ L \ (2), \ L \ (3), \ L \ (4), \ L \ (5)\right]$ 







#### 8. PRECAUTIONS

#### 8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- [1] Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- [2] It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- [3] Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.
- [4] Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMIS LSI chips.
- [5] Bezel of Set can not press or touch the panel surface. It will make light leakage or scrape.
- [6] Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- [7] Do not disassemble the module.
- [8] Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- [ 9 ] Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- [10] When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.
  - [ 10.1 ] Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35°C at normal humidity without condensation.
  - [ 10.2 ] The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- [ 11 ] When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

#### **8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- [1] The startup voltage of a Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- [2] If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- [3] After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

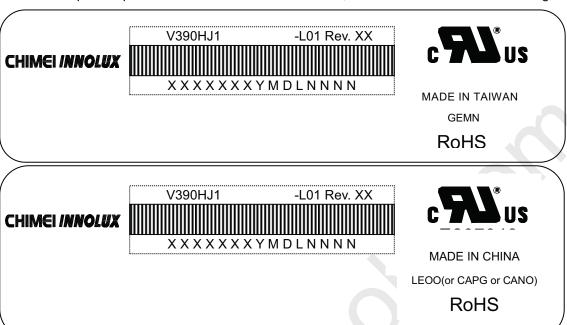




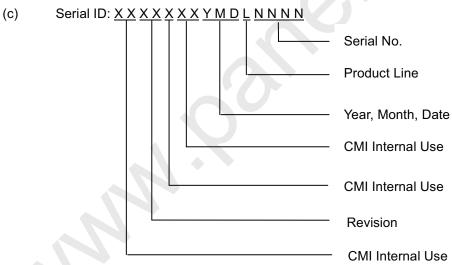
#### 9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### 9.1 CMI MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: V390HJ1-L01
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 0~9, for 2010~2019

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1<sup>st</sup> to 31<sup>st</sup>, exclude I,O, and U.

- (b) Revision Code: Cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 10. PACKAGING

#### **10.1 PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS**

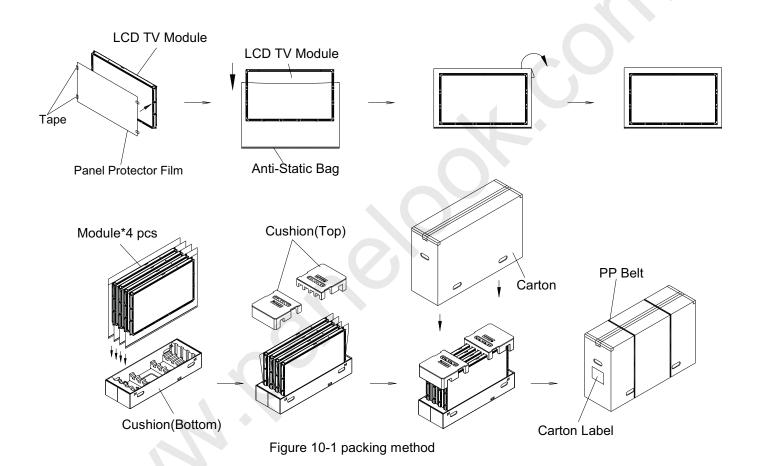
(1) 4 LCD TV modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 1060(L)x378(W)x650(H)mm

(3) Weight: Approx. 30.63Kg(4 modules per carton)

#### 10.2 PACKAGING METHOD

Figures 10-1 and 10-2 are the packing method



Pallet:

(L1150\*W1080\*H143mm)



# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Air Transportation



### Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)

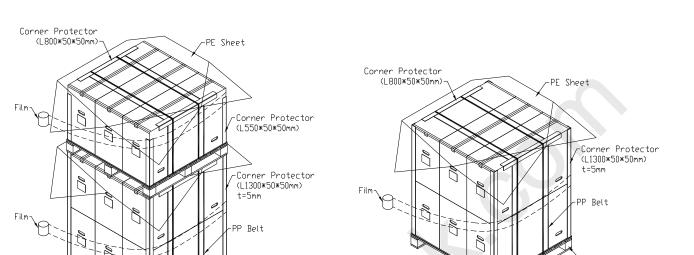


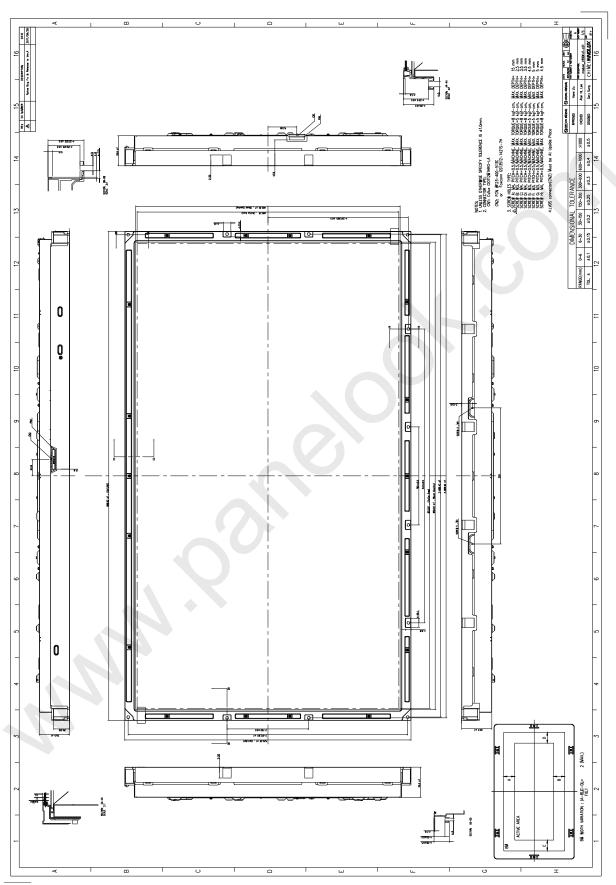
Figure 10-2 packing method

(L1150\*W1080\*H143mm)





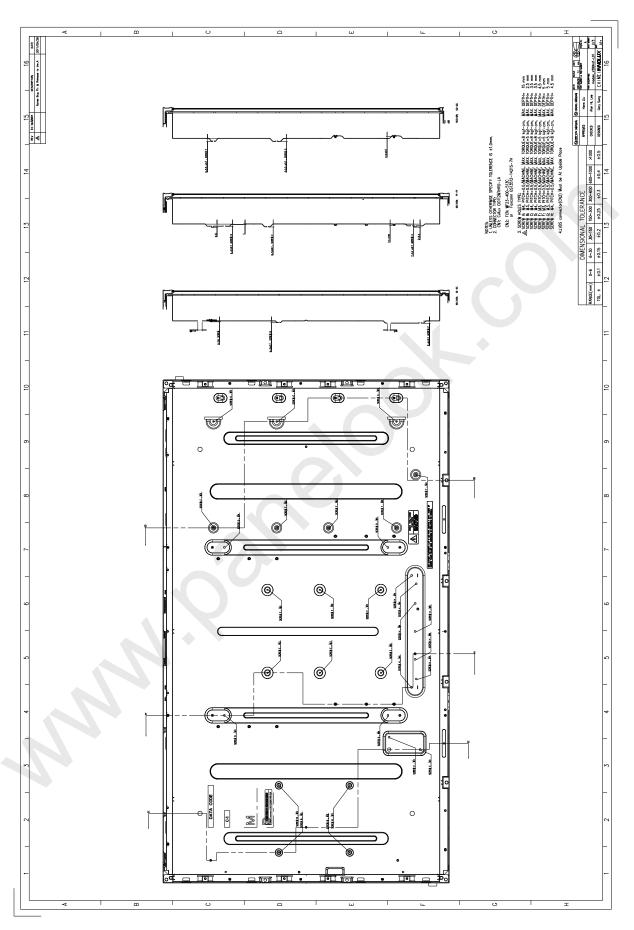
### 11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC



Version 2.0 38 Date: 28 Sep. 2011



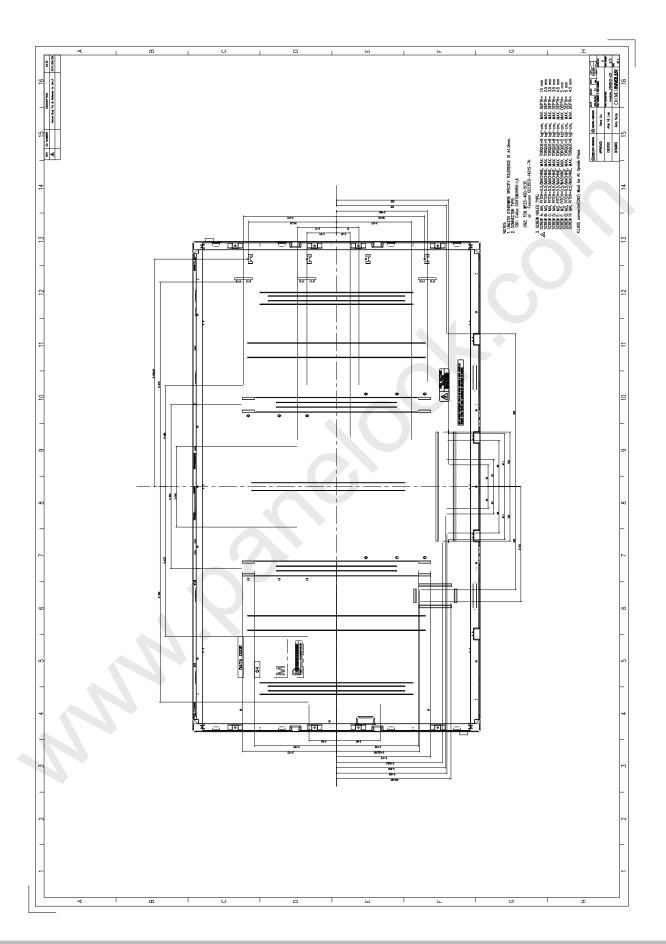




Version 2.0 39 Date: 28 Sep. 2011







Version 2.0 40 Date: 28 Sep. 2011